

Class 12: Matrices and Determinants

Test-1, 2026

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Maximum Marks 40

Duration: 90 mins

**Section A**

Questions 1 to 10 carry 1 mark each

- If  $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2x & 4 \\ 6 & x \end{vmatrix}$  find  $x$   
 (A)  $\sqrt{5}$  (B) 9 (C)  $\sqrt{3}$  (D) 25
- If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$ , for any natural number  $n$ , then the value of  $\text{Det}(A^n)$  is equal to  
 (A) 3 (B) 1 (C) -1 (D) 2
- Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$  be a square matrix such that  $\text{adj } A = A$ . Then  $(a + b + c + d)$  is equal to  
 (A)  $2a$  (B)  $2b$  (C)  $2c$  (D) 0
- If the determinant is  $\begin{vmatrix} -3 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 7 & 0 \\ 5 & 6 & -8 \end{vmatrix}$ , find the value of  $a_{11}A_{11} + a_{21}A_{21} + a_{31}A_{31}$ , where  $A_{ij}$  is the co-factor of the element  $a_{ij}$   
 (A) 109 (B) 418 (C) 209 (D) 218
- If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & x \\ z & 2 & y \\ -3 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  is a symmetric matrix, then value of  $x + y + z$  is  
 (A) 10 (B) 6 (C) 8 (D) 0
- If  $A$  is a square matrix of order 3 and  $|A| = 5$ , then the value of  $|A \cdot \text{adj } A|$  is  
 (A) 124 (B) 125 (C) 625 (D) 25
- If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$  and  $A + A^T = I$ , then the value of  $\theta$  is equal  
 (A)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  (B)  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  (C)  $\frac{\pi}{5}$  (D)  $\frac{\pi}{6}$
- $A$  and  $B$  are skew-symmetric matrices of the same order.  $AB$  is symmetric if  
 (A)  $AB = 0$  (B)  $AB = -BA$  (C)  $AB = BA$  (D)  $BA = 0$
- If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , then  $A^{-1}$  is  
 (A)  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix}$  (B)  $30 \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix}$  (C)  $\frac{1}{30} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$  (D)  $\frac{1}{30} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix}$

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10. If  $A = [a_{ij}]$  is an identity matrix, then which of the following is true?

(A)  $a_{ij} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } i = j \\ 1, & \text{if } i \neq j \end{cases}$

(B)  $a_{ij} = 1, \forall i, j$

(C)  $a_{ij} = 0, \forall i, j$

(D)  $a_{ij} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } i \neq j \\ 1, & \text{if } i = j \end{cases}$

### **Section B**

Questions 11 to 12 carry 2 marks each

11. Given  $A, (adj A) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  then find the value of  $|A| + |adj A|$ .

12. If the area of triangle is 35 sq units with vertices (2, -6), (5, 4) and (k, 4). Then find the value of k.

### **Section C**

Questions 13 to 16 carry 3 marks each

13. If the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & x & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \\ -10 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  is a singular matrix, find the value of x.

14. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , show that  $A^2 - 5A + 7I = 0$ . Hence find  $A^{-1}$ .

15. If  $A, B$  are square matrices of the same order, then prove that  $Adj(AB) = Adj(B)Adj(A)$ .

16. Find the value of  $K$ , such that the following points are collinear  $A(-3, 7), B(7, k)$  and  $C(2, 1)$ .

### **Section D**

Questions 17 to 18 carry 5 marks each

17. If  $\begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 6 \end{vmatrix}$ , find  $A^{-1}$ . Hence solve the system of equations

$$3x + 4y + 2z = 8$$

$$2y - 3z = 3$$

$$x - 2y + 6z = -2$$

18. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ , then show that  $A^3 - 6A^2 + 7A + 2I = 0$ .

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### Section E (Case Study)

Question 19 carries 4 marks (1+1+2)

- 19.** A scholarship is a sum of money provided to a student to help him or her pay for education. Some students are granted scholarships based on their academic achievements, while others are rewarded based on their financial needs.

Every year a school offers scholarships to girl children and meritorious achievers based on certain criteria. In the session 2022–23, the school offered monthly scholarships of ₹3,000 each to some girl students and ₹4,000 each to meritorious achievers in academics as well as sports.

In all, 50 students were given the scholarships, and the monthly expenditure incurred by the school on scholarships was ₹1,80,000.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions:

- (i) Express the given information algebraically using matrices.
- (ii) Check whether the system of matrix equations so obtained is consistent or not.
- (iii) **(A).** Find the number of scholarships of each kind given by the school using matrices.

**OR**

- (iii) **(B).** Had the amount of scholarship given to each girl child and meritorious student been interchanged, what would be the monthly expenditure incurred by the school?

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